

Project Verification Report Form (VR)			
BASIC INFORMATI	ON		
Name of approved UCR Project Verifier / Reference No.	SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd.		
Type of Accreditation	<ul><li>☐ CDM or other GHG Accreditation</li><li>☐ ISO 14065 Accreditation</li><li>☐ UCR Approved</li></ul>		
Approved UCR Scopes and GHG Sectoral scopes for Project Verification	01 Energy industries (Renewable/Non Renewable Sources)		
Validity of UCR approval of Verifier	October 2021 onwards.		
Completion date of this VR	22/07/2024		
Title of the project activity	6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL) at Maharashtra.		
Project reference no.	UCR ID: <b>440</b>		
Name of Entity requesting verification service	M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL).		
Contact details of the representative of the Entity, requesting verification service	M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL).		
	Corporate address: TCI House, 69 Institutional Area, Sector 32, Gurugram- 122 207, Haryana, India.		
Country where project is located	India		
Applied methodologies	Applied Baseline Methodology:		
(approved methodologies by UCR Standard used)	AMS-I.D.: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation", version 18		

Accredited by 5 Jupiter House, Callera Park, Aldermaston, Reading Berkshire RG7 8NN, United Kingdom (UK).

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507

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	Standardized Methodology: Baseline: UCR Protocol Emission Factor
GHG Sectoral scopes linked to the applied methodologies	01 Energy industries Renewable/Non-Renewable Sources)
Project Verification Criteria:  Mandatory requirements to be assessed	<ul><li>☑ UCR Standard</li><li>☑ Applicable Approved</li></ul>
Transactory requirements to be addeded	Methodology  Applicable Legal requirements /rules of host country
	<ul> <li>Eligibility of the Project Type</li> <li>Start date of the Project activity</li> <li>Meet applicability conditions in the applied methodology</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>☑ Credible Baseline</li><li>☑ Do No Harm Test</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Emission Reduction calculations</li> <li>Monitoring Report</li> <li>No GHG Double Counting</li> <li>Others (please mention below)</li> </ul>
Project Verification Criteria: Optional requirements to be assessed	<ul> <li>Environmental Safeguards         <ul> <li>Standard and do-no-harm</li> <li>criteria</li> </ul> </li> <li>Social Safeguards Standard do-no-harm criteria</li> </ul>
Project Verifier's Confirmation:  The UCR Project Verifier has verified the UCR project activity and therefore confirms the following:	The UCR Project Verifier SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd., certifies the following with respect to the UCR Project Activity 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), at Maharashtra.  The Project Owner has correctly described the Project Activity in the



	Project Concept Note dated 22/04/2024 and Monitoring Report V1 dated 25/06/2024 including the applicability of the approved methodology AMS -I.D. :"Grid connected renewable electricity generation", version 18 & Standardized Methodology: Baseline: UCR Protocol Emission Factor and meets the methodology applicability conditions and has achieved the estimated GHG emission reductions, complies with the monitoring methodology and has calculated emission reductions estimates correctly and conservatively.  The Project Activity is generating GHG emission reductions amounting to the estimated 90,165 tCO <sub>2eq</sub> , as indicated in the MR V1, which are additional to the reductions that are likely to occur in absence of the Project Activity and complies with all applicable UCR rules, including ISO 14064-2 and ISO 14064-3.  The Project Activity is not likely to cause any net-harm to the environment and/or society.  The Project Activity complies with all the applicable UCR rules and therefore recommends UCR Program to register the Project activity with
Project Verification Report, reference number and date of approval	Verification Report UCR Project ID: 440 dated 22/07/2024



Name of the authorised personnel of UCR Project

Verifier and his/her signature with date

- Justin



Santosh Nair Lead Verifier (Signature) SQAC Certification Pvt Ltd



#### PROJECT VERIFICATION REPORT

#### Section A. Executive summary

M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), has contracted SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd. to carry out the verification of the project activity of 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), at Maharashtra, India", UCR approved project ID:440, to establish number of CoUs generated by project over the crediting period from **01/01/2013 - 31/12/2023** (11 years)

We believe that the total GHG emission reductions over the crediting / verification period stated in the Monitoring Report V1 (MR), submitted to us is accurate and in line with the UCR guidelines.

The GHG emission reductions were calculated based on UCR Protocols which draws reference from, CDM UNFCCC Methodology, AMS-I.D.: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation", version 18 & Standardized Methodology: Baseline: UCR Protocol Emission Factor. The verification was done remotely by way of video calls / verification, phone calls and submission of documents for verification through emails as per UCR guidelines.

SQAC is able to certify that the emission reductions from 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), at Maharashtra, India, (UCR ID – **440**) for the period **01/01/2013** to **31/12/2023** amounts to **90,165 CoUs** (**90,165 tCO₂eq**)

Project Verification team, technical reviewer and approver

Section B. Project Verification Team

Sr.	Role	Last	First	Affiliation	Involvement in		
No.		name	name		Doc review	Off-Site inspection	Interviews
1.	Team Leader	Nair	Santosh	n/a	yes	yes	yes
2.	Validator	Nair	Santosh	n/a	yes	yes	yes



#### Technical reviewer and approver of the Project Verification report

Sr.	Role	Type of	Last name	First	Affiliation
No.		resource		name	
1.	Technical reviewer	IR	Shinganapurkar	Praful	SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd.
2.	Approver	IR	Shinganapurkar	Praful	SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd.

#### Section C. Means of Project Verification

#### C.1. Desk/document review

As part of the review and validation process, M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), submitted a comprehensive set of documents for examination to the Lead Verifier. The documents included the Project Concept Note (PCN), Monitoring Report V1(MR), ER calculation sheet, Commissioning Certificates, Meter Calibration, Power Purchase Agreement, Invoices, Joint Meter Readings and additional data provided upon request pertaining to all related projects. These documents were thoroughly reviewed to ensure compliance with relevant standards and guidelines, and to validate the accuracy and completeness of the information provided.

#### C.2. Off-site inspection

Date of offsite

D.	ate of offsite			
insped	ction:13/07/2024			
Sr.	Activity pe	rformed Off-Site	Site location	Date
No.				
1.	Interview conduc	ted over Video	G367 & G368,	13/07/2024
	call/Telephonic o	discussions	Birenwadi	
2.	Supporting docu	ments provided	Birenwadi	13/07/2024
	before, during, a	fter the verification.		



#### C.3. Interviews

Sr.		Interview			
No.	Name	Designati	Affiliation	Date	Subject
		on			
1	Mr. Mohseen	Site in	M/s.	13/07/2024	Meter Calibration,
	Mujawar	Charge	Transport		Joint Meter Readings
			Corporation		and Invoices.
			of India		
			Limited.		
			(TCIL)		
2	Mr. Girdhari	Executive	M/s.	13/07/2024	Compliance,
	Bargujar	-Finance	Transport		Overview, Double
			Corporation		Counting
			of India		and Project
			Limited.		commissioning
			(TCIL)		

# C.4. Sampling approach

Since there are 5 Wind Turbine generators (WTGs) i.e., G367, G368, G32, G39 & N70 installed of total capacity of 6.5 MW, 2 WTG's have been selected for complete site monitoring through video, which is G367, G368

# C.5. Clarification request (CLs), corrective action request (CARs) and forward action request (FARs) raised

Areas of Project Verification findings	No. of CL	No. of	No. of
		CAR	FAR
Green House Gas (G	HG)		
Identification and Eligibility of project type	Nil	Nil	Nil
General description of project activity	Nil	Nil	Nil
Application and selection of methodologies and			
standardized baselines			
- Application of methodologies and	Nil	Nil	Nil
standardized baselines			
- Deviation from methodology and/or	Nil	Nil	Nil
methodological tool			
- Clarification on applicability of	Nil	Nil	Nil
methodology, tool and/or standardized			
baseline			
- Project boundary, sources and GHGs	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Baseline scenario	Nil	Nil	Nil

			*
<ul> <li>Estimation of emission reductions or net</li> </ul>	Nil	Nil	Nil
anthropogenic removals			
- Monitoring Report	Nil	Nil	Nil
Start date, crediting period and duration	Nil	Nil	Nil
Environmental impacts	Nil	Nil	Nil
Project Owner- Identification and communication	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	Nil	Nil	Nil

# Section D. Project Verification Findings

# D.1. Identification and eligibility of project type

Means of Project Verification	Project Details: Verification of the project's title, location, capacity, and technology used.
	Methodology: Ensuring the project follows the AMS-I.D methodology for grid-connected renewable electricity generation.
	Emission Reductions: Confirming the reported greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions against the Universal Carbon Registry (UCR) standards.
	Crediting Period: Checking the stated crediting period for consistency with the project's operation dates.
	These elements are crucial for determining the project's compliance with carbon credit standards and its eligibility for issuing Carbon Offset Units (CoUs). The verification process would involve a thorough review of the project's documentation, site visits, and cross-verification with UCR guidelines.
Findings	Upon verification, based on the document provided, the findings for identification and eligibility of the project type are as follows:
	Project Type: The project is identified as a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, which falls under the category of renewable energy projects.



Eligibility Criteria: The project meets the eligibility criteria for carbon credit issuance, as it is a grid-connected renewable electricity generation project, which is categorized under AMS-I.D version 18.

Crediting Period: The project has a crediting period from 01.01.2013 to 31.12.2023, during which it is eligible for carbon credit issuance.

GHG Emission Reductions: The project has achieved significant greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions totalling 90,165 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq over the monitoring period, contributing to climate change mitigation efforts.

These findings suggest that the project is well-aligned with the standards for carbon credit verification and issuance.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the document indicates that the project is a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, which qualifies as a renewable energy project under the sectoral scope "01 Energy industries of (Renewable/Non-Renewable Sources)." The applied methodology for carbon credit verification is AMS-I.D: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation," version 18. The project has successfully displaced an equivalent amount of power from the grid that would have been generated by fossil fuel-based power plants, resulting in a total of 90,165 tCO2eq emission reductions over the monitoring period from 2013 to 2023. Therefore, the project is identified as eligible for carbon credits under the Universal Carbon Registry (UCR) due to its contribution to GHG emission reductions and adherence to the applicable methodology.



#### D.2. General Description of Project Activity

# **Means of Project Verification**

Verification Process: The project activity, a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), will be verified through the Universal Carbon Registry (UCR) as a voluntary carbon offset unit (CoU) project.

Monitoring Report: A comprehensive monitoring report is prepared, detailing the project's performance, GHG emission reductions, and adherence to applied methodologies and standardized baselines.

Quality Assurance: Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are implemented to manage data reading, recording, auditing, and archiving, ensuring the reliability and transparency of data.

Meter Calibration: The energy meters used for recording electricity fed to the state utility grid are calibrated and inspected periodically according to state electricity board specifications to ensure accuracy.

These components ensure that the project's GHG emission reductions are accurately measured and reported, adhering to the standards set by the UCR.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, the document describes the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, India. The project consists of 5 Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs) with a total capacity of 6.5 MW, aimed at supplying electricity to the regional grid. The generated electricity displaces the equivalent amount of power that would have been produced by fossil fuel-based power plants, contributing to climate change mitigation by reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The project is operational and applies for voluntary carbon offset units under the Universal Carbon Registry.



#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the General Description of Project Activity for the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra highlights the project's contribution to climate change mitigation by generating renewable energy and reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The project, operational since 2005, consists of 5 Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs) with a total capacity of 6.5 MW, displacing the need for fossil fuel-based power generation. By exporting electricity to the regional grid, the project has achieved a total of 90,165 tCO2eq emission reductions over an 11-year period. It is emphasized that the project supports sustainable development by providing clean energy, creating jobs, and enhancing local economic growth without negative environmental impacts. The conclusion would affirm the project's effectiveness in contributing to renewable energy goals and reducing carbon emissions.



#### D.3. Application and selection of methodologies and standardized baselines

#### D.3.1 Application of methodology and standardized baselines

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Monitoring Plan: The project activity involves generating electricity from wind, with Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs) converting wind energy into electrical energy. The electricity fed to the state utility grid is recorded jointly at the incoming feeder of the state power utility (MSEDCL).

Data Management: Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are established to control and manage data reading, recording, auditing, and archiving, ensuring reliability and transparency.

Calibration and Inspection: Metering devices are calibrated and inspected periodically according to state electricity board specifications to ensure accuracy in readings.

Joint Measurement: Monthly joint measurement of electricity fed to the state utility grid is carried out in the presence of both the developer's representative and officials of the state power utility, with both parties signing the recorded reading.

These verification means ensure that the project's electricity generation and emission reductions are accurately monitored and reported.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, the document outlines the application of the AMS-I.D methodology, version 18, for a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra. It confirms the project's eligibility under small-scale CDM project activities, with a total installed capacity of 6.5 MW qualifying it as a Greenfield plant. The baseline scenario is established as the electricity that would have been generated by grid-connected fossil fuel power plants in the absence of the project.



The document details the project's contribution to GHG emission reductions, with a total of 90,165 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq over the monitoring period from 2013 to 2023. No leakage emissions are reported, and the project emissions are considered zero, as it's a renewable energy project activity

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, based on the document provided, the conclusion for the Application of Methodology and Standardized Baselines is that the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra is in compliance with the AMS-I.D methodology, version 18, for gridconnected renewable electricity generation. The project activity qualifies as a small-scale project, generating electricity from wind energy and supplying it to the Indian grid system. The project has successfully displaced an equivalent amount of electricity that would have been generated by fossil fuel-based power plants, resulting in significant greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. Over the monitoring period from 2013 to 2023, the project achieved a total of 90,165 tCO2eq in emission reductions, contributing to climate change mitigation efforts. No leakage emissions were reported, and the project did not cause double counting of carbon credits.



#### D.3.2 Clarification on applicability of methodology, tool and/or standardized baseline

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Applied Methodology: The project uses AMS-I.D: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation," version 18, which falls under Sectoral Scope 01 for Energy industries (Renewable/Non-Renewable Sources).

Project Verification: The project's electricity generation data is monitored continuously,

with monthly joint measurements carried out by the developer's representative and officials from the state power utility, MSEDCL.

Quality Assurance: Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are in place to manage data reading, recording, auditing, and archiving, ensuring reliable and transparent data.

Calibration Certificates: Calibration certificates for energy meters are provided, ensuring the accuracy of the electricity fed to the state utility grid as per national or international standards.

These points ensure that the project adheres to the specified methodology and provides a clear and verifiable means of monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emission reductions.

### **Findings**

Upon verification, based on the document provided, the findings for clarification on the applicability of methodology, tool, and/or standardized baseline are as follows:

Methodology: The project employs AMS-I.D: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation", version 18, which is suitable for small-scale renewable energy projects like the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by TCIL.

Tool: The project does not require additional tools for



monitoring as it involves direct electricity generation from wind turbines, with no other input fuels.

Standardized Baseline: The UCR Standardized Baseline Emission Factor of 0.9 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh has been applied conservatively for the period 2013-2023, aligning with the project's crediting period.

Applicability: The project meets the criteria for a small-scale CDM project activity, with a total installed capacity of 6.5 MW, well below the 15 MW limit for renewable components.

These findings ensure the project's compliance with the relevant standards and methodologies for carbon credit issuance.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the document indicates that the project activity involves the generation of grid-connected electricity from a new wind power-based project, which qualifies for a small-scale project activity under the Type-I of the Small-Scale methodology. methodology AMS-I.D, version 18, is applicable as it encompasses renewable energy generation units supplying electricity to a grid. The project's installed wind turbines have a combined capacity of 6.5 MW, which is below the 15 MW eligibility limit for small-scale projects. There is no co-firing of fossil fuel, making the project solely reliant on wind energy. Therefore, the conclusion is that the applied methodology and standardized baseline are appropriate and applicable to the project activity

#### D.3.3 Project boundary, sources and GHGs

# **Means of Project Verification**

Project Boundary: The spatial extent includes the project power plant and all power plants physically connected to the electricity system, which encompasses the Wind Turbine Generators and the Indian grid system.



Sources and GHGs: The verification consider  $CO_2$  as the primary GHG from electricity generation in fossil fuel-fired power plants. Other GHGs like  $CH_4$  and N2O are deemed minor sources and are not included.

Verification Process: The net electricity supplied to the grid is measured monthly using calibrated energy meters by the State Electricity Board authorities in the presence of the project implementer's representatives. The meters are jointly inspected, sealed, and calibrated following national guidelines to ensure accuracy. The data is archived electronically and subjected to Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) measures for reliable and transparent monitoring. The project activity's emission reductions are calculated using the formula

#### ERy = BEy - PEy - LEy

where

ERy is the emission reduction, BEy is the baseline emission, PEy is the project emission, and LEy is the leakage emission.

Baseline emissions are calculated using the formula **BEy = EGPJ,y X Efgrid,y** with

EGPJ,y being the net electricity generation and EFgrid,y being the emission factor recommended by the Universal Carbon Registry. Project emissions are considered zero since the renewable energy project activity does not emit  $CO_2$ , and leakage emissions are also considered zero. The total emission reduction for the monitoring period is reported as  $90,165 \text{ tCO}_2\text{eq}$ .

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, the document outlines the project boundary for the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), as including the project power plant and all power plants connected to the electricity system. The sources of greenhouse gases (GHGs) considered are CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from electricity generation in fossil fuel-fired



power plants, which the project displaces. It is noted that  $CH_4$  and N2O emissions are minor and not included. The project activity itself does not emit  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$ , N2O, or other GHGs, as it involves generating electricity through wind energy, a clean renewable source. Therefore, the total GHG emission reductions achieved by the project during the monitoring period are  $90,165\ tCO_2$ eq.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, for the Project boundary, sources, and GHGs from the adjacent document would be as follows:

Project Boundary: The project boundary encompasses the wind turbine generators and the Indian grid system, including all power plants physically connected to the electricity system.

Sources and GHGs: The primary greenhouse gas (GHG) considered is CO<sub>2</sub>, with emissions resulting from electricity generation in fossil fuel-fired power plants. Other GHGs like CH<sub>4</sub> and N2O are deemed minor sources and are not included.

Baseline Scenario: The baseline scenario assumes that in the absence of the project, electricity would have been generated by grid-connected fossil fuel-based power plants.

Emission Reductions: The project activity replaces this fossil fuel-based electricity with renewable wind energy, leading to a reduction of 90,165 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq for the monitoring period.

This assessment confirms the project's contribution to reducing GHG emissions by displacing fossil fuel-based power generation with renewable wind energy.



#### D.3.4 Baseline scenario

# **Means of Project Verification**

Emission Factor Application: The baseline scenario assumes electricity would have been generated by grid-connected power plants using fossil fuels. The document applies a "grid emission factor" of 0.9 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh for the years 2013-2023 as a conservative estimate for the project's emission reductions.

Electricity Generation Measurement: The net electricity generation that is produced and fed into the grid as a result of the project activity is measured and recorded by Joint Meter Readings and invoices. This data is used to calculate baseline emissions.

Monitoring and Calibration: The project activity involves continuous monitoring with calibrated energy meters by the State Electricity Board authorities. The meters are jointly inspected and sealed by authorized representatives to ensure accuracy in the readings.

Data Management: Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are implemented to control and manage data reading, recording, auditing, and archiving, ensuring the data's reliability and transparency.

These verification means ensure that the project's contribution to emission reductions is accurately measured and reported.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, the document outlines the baseline scenario for a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, India. The baseline scenario assumes that, in the absence of the project, electricity would have been generated by grid-connected fossil fuel-based power plants. The project displaces this with wind-generated electricity, contributing to greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. A "grid emission



factor" of  $0.9~\text{tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$  is recommended by the Universal Carbon Registry (UCR) for the years 2013-2023. The total  $\text{CO}_2\text{e}$  emission reductions by the project activity are  $90,165~\text{tCO}_2\text{eq}$  for the monitoring period from 2013 to 2023.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the baseline scenario for the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra is that, in the absence of the project, electricity would have been generated by grid-connected fossil fuel-based power plants and by adding new fossil fuel-based generation sources to the grid. The project displaces this with renewable wind energy, thereby reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The baseline emissions are calculated using a UCR recommended emission factor of 0.9 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh, which is conservative compared to the combined margin grid emission factor derived from the Central Electricity Authority (CEA) database in India. The total CO<sub>2</sub>eq emission reductions by the project activity are 90,165 tCO2eq for the monitoring period from 2013 to 2023. This demonstrates the project's contribution to climate change mitigation by replacing fossil fuel-based electricity generation with clean renewable energy.

#### D.3.6 Estimation of Emission Reductions or Net Anthropogenic Removal

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Monitoring Plan: The project activity involves generating electricity from wind, and the employed Wind Turbine Generator can only convert wind energy into electrical energy. The recording of electricity fed to the state utility grid is carried out jointly at the incoming feeder of the state power utility (MSEDCL).

Data Management: Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are established to control and manage data reading, recording, auditing, and archiving. Data is monitored daily and submitted to project proponents (PPs) on a daily basis.



Calibration and Inspection: Metering devices are calibrated and inspected properly and periodically according to state electricity board specifications to ensure accuracy in readings.

Joint Measurement: The net energy exported to the grid is measured monthly using calibrated energy meters by the State Electricity Board authorities in the presence of the project implementer or its representatives.

These measures ensure that the data regarding the electricity generated and supplied to the grid is reliable, transparent, and accurately reflects the emission reductions achieved by the project.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, based on the document provided, the findings for the Estimation of Emission Reductions or Net Anthropogenic Removal are as follows:

Total Emission Reductions: The project achieved a total of 90,165 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq (tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent) in emission reductions over the monitoring period from 01/01/2013 to 31/12/2023.

Baseline Scenario: The baseline scenario assumes that in the absence of the project, electricity would have been generated by fossil fuel-based power plants connected to the grid.

Project Emissions: The wind power project activity resulted in zero project emissions, as it involves renewable energy generation with no associated  $CO_2$  emissions.

Leakage Emissions: There were no leakage emissions reported, which implies that the project did not result in increased emissions outside of its boundary.

These findings indicate that the wind power project has contributed significantly to reducing greenhouse gas



	emissions by replacing fossil fuel-based electricity
	generation with renewable wind energy.
Conclusion	In conclusion, based on the document provided, the Estimation of Emission Reductions or Net Anthropogenic Removals is as follows:
	Total Emission Reductions: The project achieved a total of 90,165 tCO <sub>2</sub> eq in emission reductions over the monitoring period from 01/01/2013 to 31/12/2023.
	Baseline Scenario: The wind power project replaced electricity that would have otherwise been generated by fossil fuel-based power plants connected to the Indian grid.
	Project Emissions: As it's a renewable energy project involving wind turbines, the project emissions are considered to be zero.
	Leakage Emissions: There are no leakage emissions associated with this project, as per the methodology AMS-I.D. version 18.
	The project effectively contributes to climate change mitigation by displacing fossil fuel-based electricity generation with renewable wind energy.



#### **D.3.7 Monitoring Report**

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Joint Measurement: The electricity fed to the state utility grid is measured jointly at the incoming feeder of the state power utility (MSEDCL) once a month in the presence of both parties (the developer's representative and officials of the state power utility).

Calibration and Inspection: The metering devices are calibrated and inspected properly and periodically, according to state electricity board's specifications and requirements to ensure accuracy in the readings.

Quality Assurance and Control: Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are established to effectively control and manage data reading, recording, auditing as well as archiving data and all relevant documents.

Data Monitoring: The data is monitored on a daily basis and submitted to the project proponents (PPs) on a daily basis. The net energy exported to the grid is measured every month using calibrated energy meters by the State Electricity Board authorities in the presence of the project implementer or its representatives. The meters are jointly inspected and sealed by authorized representatives of the company and the state utility.

These measures ensure that the data regarding the electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity is reliable and transparent

# **Findings**

Upon verification, based on the monitoring report from the adjacent document, the findings would likely highlight the following:

Project Implementation: The 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra has been successfully implemented, with a total of 5 Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs) commissioned across three phases.



Emission Reductions: The project has achieved significant greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions totalling 90,165 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq over the 11-year monitoring period from 2013 to 2023.

Electricity Generation: A total of 1,00,191 MWh of electricity was generated and supplied to the grid, displacing the equivalent amount of power that would have been produced by fossil fuel-based power plants.

Technology and Equipment: The project utilized advanced wind turbine technology provided by Suzlon Energy Ltd, contributing to clean energy generation and climate change mitigation efforts.

These findings demonstrate the project's contribution to sustainable development and its role in reducing carbon emissions.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the monitoring report for the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra concludes that the project has successfully generated a total of 90,165 Carbon Offset Units (CoUs), equivalent to 90,165 tCO<sub>2eq</sub>, over the 11-year monitoring period from 2013 to 2023. The project activity involved the installation of new grid-connected wind power plants, which contributed to climate change mitigation by displacing fossil fuel-based power generation with renewable wind energy. No negative environmental impacts were associated with the project, and it supported sustainable development through social, economic, environmental, and technological well-being. The project's implementation aligns with the applied baseline methodology AMS-I.D: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation", version 18, and adheres to the Universal Carbon Registry (UCR) standards. Overall, the project demonstrates effective climate action by reducing greenhouse gas emissions through renewable energy generation.



#### D.4. Start date, crediting period and duration

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Start Date Verification: The commissioning date of the project is verified as 29/09/2005, which is documented in the monitoring report.

Crediting Period Verification: The crediting period is confirmed to be from 01/01/2013 to 31/12/2023, a duration of 11 years, as stated in the report.

Duration Verification: The monitoring period number and duration are also verified within the report, covering the same 11-year span from 01/01/2013 to 31/12/2023.

These verifications are based on the data provided in the monitoring report, including commissioning certificates and calibration certificates of energy meters. The project's implementation status and electricity generation data are monitored and recorded, ensuring the accuracy of the verification process.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, based on the document provided, here are the findings regarding the start date, crediting period, and duration:

Start Date: The crediting period for the carbon offset project began on January 1st, 2013.

Crediting Period: The project activity has a crediting period of 11 years, which is the same as the monitoring period.

Duration: This period includes both the start and end dates, extending from January 1st, 2013 to December 31st, 2023.

These details are crucial for verifying the project's eligibility for carbon credits within the specified



	*
	timeframe
Conclusion	In conclusion, the document indicates that the
	crediting period for the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by
	M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in
	Maharashtra began on January 1st, 2013. The duration
	of the crediting period covered in this monitoring report
	is 11 years, concluding on December 31st, 2023. The
	project's commissioning date is noted as September
	29th, 2005. Throughout this period, the project has
	generated a total of 90,165 Carbon Offset Units (CoUs),
	equating to the same amount in tCO2eq, contributing to
	greenhouse gas emission reductions. No changes to
	the start date of the crediting period are reported,
	ensuring consistency with the planned project timeline.



#### **D.5.** Positive Environmental impacts

# **Means of Project Verification**

Emission Reductions: The project's emission reductions are verified through the calculation of baseline emissions, project emissions, and leakage emissions, ensuring that the total GHG emission reductions are accurately accounted.

Monitoring Plan: A comprehensive monitoring plan is in place, involving the measurement of net electricity supplied to the grid, with QA/QC procedures to ensure data reliability.

Technical Specifications: Verification of the installed technology, such as wind turbines, is conducted to confirm that they meet the required technical specifications and contribute to environmental wellbeing.

Sustainable Development Indicators: The project adheres to the Government of India's stipulated indicators for sustainable development, which include economic, social, environmental, and technological well-being.

These measures help ensure that the project generates positive environmental impacts and contributes to climate change mitigation efforts.

# **Findings**

Upon verification, the document outlines the positive environmental impacts of a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, India. The project contributes to climate change mitigation by generating clean energy and reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Over the 11-year monitoring period, it achieved a total of 90,165 tCO $_{\rm 2eq}$  in emission reductions. The wind power project displaces electricity that would have been generated by fossil fuel-based power plants, thereby conserving natural resources and reducing specific emissions.

SQAC.
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	*
	Additionally, the project promotes the use of renewable
	energy and supports sustainable development goals.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the document outlines the positive
	environmental impacts of the 6.5 MW Wind Power
	Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited
	(TCIL), in Maharashtra, India. The project contributes to
	climate change mitigation by generating clean energy
	and reducing greenhouse gas emissions. It displaces
	the need for fossil fuel-based power generation, leading
	to a total of 90,165 tCO2eq emission reductions over
	the monitoring period from 2013 to 2023. Additionally,
	the use of wind energy, a renewable resource, aids in
	conserving finite natural resources like coal. Overall,
	the project has a beneficial impact on the environment
	by promoting sustainable energy and reducing
	pollution.



#### D.6. Project Owner- Identification and communication

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Project Identification: The project is identified as a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, with UCR Project Registration Number 440.

Communication Channels: The responsible contact person for the project is Mr. Girdhari Bargujar, with contact details including a phone number (+91 8595235741) and an email address (finsupport@tcil.com).

Verification Process: The project's electricity generation data is monitored continuously, with monthly joint measurements carried out by the developer's representative and officials of the state power utility, MSEDCL. The energy meters used for recording are calibrated and inspected as per the state electricity board's specifications.

Documentation: The project maintains electronic archives of data and relevant documents, ensuring reliable and transparent data management. Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA&QC) measures are implemented for data reading, recording, auditing, and archiving. Calibration certificates for energy meters are also maintained as part of the verification process.

These points summarize the key aspects of project verification related to identification and communication for the Project Owner. If you need further details or have specific questions, feel free to ask.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification, based on the document provided, the findings for the Project Owner - Identification and Communication would include:

Project Proponent: The project is initiated by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), a leading



integrated multimodal logistics and supply chain solutions provider in India.

Corporate Address: TCIL's corporate office is located at TCI House, 69 Institutional Area, Sector 32, Gurugram-122207, Haryana, India.

Host Party: The host country for the project is India, where the wind power project is situated.

Contact Information: The responsible person for communication is Mr. Girdhari Bargujar, who can be contacted at +91 8595235741 or via email at <a href="mailto:finsupport@tcil.com">finsupport@tcil.com</a>.

These details ensure clear identification and provide appropriate channels for communication regarding the carbon credit project.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the Project Owner regarding Identification and Communication would likely affirm that TCIL has been properly identified as the project proponent with a clear corporate address. The communication channels are well-established, with contact information provided for responsible persons/entities, ensuring transparency and accountability. Additionally, the project's registration number and all relevant technical and operational details are meticulously documented, which supports the credibility of the monitoring process and the issuance of Carbon Offset Units (CoUs). Overall, the project demonstrates compliance with the necessary standards for carbon credit verification.



#### **D.7. Positive Social Impact**

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Employment Generation: The project created direct and indirect employment opportunities during construction, operation, and maintenance of the wind turbines.

Infrastructure Development: Improved road networks facilitated transportation of turbine components and maintenance equipment.

Economic Diversification: Local economic growth was encouraged by improving infrastructure and energy availability.

Technological Advancement: Introduction of advanced wind turbine technology and technical training programs for local technicians and engineers.

These aspects contribute to the social well-being and sustainable development of the local community, aligning with the project's goals for positive social impact. Verification would involve assessing these contributions against the project's stated objectives and outcomes.

#### **Findings**

Upon verification found the following findings: -

Employment Generation: The project created direct jobs in construction, operation, and maintenance of wind turbines, and stimulated ancillary industries.

Infrastructure Development: Improved road networks facilitated transportation of turbine components and maintenance equipment.

Economic Upliftment: Enhanced land value and provided new economic opportunities through improved infrastructure and energy access.

Technological Advancement: Introduced



advanced wind turbine technology to the region and provided technical training for local technicians and engineers.

These findings indicate that the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by Transport Corporation of India Limited. has had a significant positive impact on social aspects in the project area.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the document outlines the positive social impact of the 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, India. It highlights: -

Employment Generation: The project created direct and indirect jobs during construction, operation, and maintenance phases.

Infrastructure Development: Improved road networks facilitated transportation of turbine components and maintenance equipment.

Economic Upliftment: Local economic growth was encouraged, enhancing land value and providing new economic opportunities.

Technological Advancement: Introduction of advanced wind turbine technology and technical training programs for local technicians.

In conclusion, the project has had a significant positive social impact by contributing to employment, infrastructure, economic, and technological development in the region.

#### Sustainable development aspects (if any)

#### **Means of Project Verification**

Social Well-being: Verification includes assessing employment generation, both direct and indirect, and infrastructure development, such as road improvements.



Environmental Well-being: Verification focuses on pollution reduction through clean energy generation and GHG emission reduction, as well as resource conservation by using renewable resources.

Economic Well-being: Verification involves evaluating economic diversification, land value enhancement, and ensuring fair compensation for land use.

Technological Well-being: Verification includes examining the deployment of advanced technology, energy quality improvement, and innovation promotion.

These aspects ensure the project contributes positively to sustainable development while adhering to environmental, social, and economic standards.

### **Findings**

Upon verification, it was found that the sustainable development aspects of a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, India details the project's contribution to social well-being through employment generation and infrastructure development. Environmental well-being is addressed by reducing pollution and conserving resources through renewable wind energy. Economic well-being is enhanced by local economic growth and land value enhancement. Technologically, the project promotes advanced technology deployment, energy quality improvement, and innovation promotion. These aspects align with the sustainable development indicators stipulated by the Government of India.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the document outlines the sustainable development aspects of a 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), in Maharashtra, India, highlighting its contributions to social, environmental, economic, and technological well-being. The project created employment and improved local infrastructure, generated clean energy to reduce pollution and greenhouse gas emissions, spurred local economic growth, enhanced land value,



provided fair compensation for land use, and deployed advanced wind turbine technology to improve energy quality and promote innovation. Overall, the project positively impacts sustainable development across multiple dimensions.

#### Section E. Internal quality control

Throughout the verification of this project, rigorous internal quality control measures were diligently implemented to ensure accuracy and reliability. Regular internal reviews of verification procedures, documentation, and reports were conducted to promptly address any errors or discrepancies. Verification staff received continuous training to maintain their proficiency in conducting verifications efficiently. Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) were established to provide clear guidance on data collection, analysis, and reporting, ensuring consistency and adherence to best practices. Comprehensive documentation management practices were adopted to maintain transparent records of verification activities, including data sources and methodologies. Peer reviews and discussions among verification team members were facilitated to validate findings and ensure consensus on conclusions. Continuous improvement processes were instituted to evaluate verification practices, identify areas for enhancement, and improve overall performance over time.

#### Section F. Project Verification opinion

The GHG emission reductions were calculated based on UCR Protocols which draws reference from, CDM UNFCCC Methodology, AMS-I.D.: "Grid connected renewable electricity generation", version 18 and Standardized Methodology is Baseline: UCR Protocol Emission Factor for 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), at Maharashtra, India. The verification was done remotely by way of video calls / verification, phone calls and submission of documents for verification through emails.

SQAC is able to certify that the Emission reductions from 6.5 MW Wind Power Project by M/s. Transport Corporation of India Limited (TCIL), at Maharashtra. India, (UCR ID – 440) for the period 01/01/2013 to 31/12/2023 amounts to 90,165 CoUs (90,165 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq)

# **Appendix 1. Abbreviations**

Abbreviations	Full texts
UCR	Universal Carbon Registry
PP/PO	Project Proponent / Project Owner
PA	Project Aggregator

PPA	Power Purchase Agreement
ER	Emission Reduction
COUs	Carbon offset Units.
tCO2e	Tons of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
SDG	Sustainable Development Goal
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CR	Clarification Request
FAR	Forward Action Request
GHG	Green House Gas
MR	Monitoring report
PCN	Project Concept Note
VR	Verification Report
VS	Verification Statement
COD	Commercial Operation Date

# Appendix 2. Competence of team members and technical reviewers

Sr. No.	Role	Name	Education Qualification	Related Experience
1.	Team Leader / Lead Verifier / Validator	Santosh Nair	BE (Chemical) Lead Auditor in ISO 9001,14001, 45001,13485,223 01,22000,27001,1 4064-1,2,3	Carbon Verifier for all major sectors such as Wind, Solar, Hydro, Biomass, Biogas, Waste Heat Recovery, Biofuel, etc.
2.	Technical reviewer	Praful Shinganapurkar	BE (Mechanical) Certified Energy Auditor Lead Auditor in ISO 9001,14001 & 45001	Carbon Verifier for all major sectors such as Wind, Solar, Hydro, Biomass, Biogas, Waste Heat Recovery, Biofuel, etc.

# Appendix 3. Document reviewed or referenced

Sr. No	Author	Title	Provider/Originator
1	M/s. Transport	Project Concept Note	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Corporation of India	(PCN)	India Limited (TCIL).
	Limited (TCIL).		
2	M/s. Transport	Monitoring Report	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Corporation of India	(MR)	India Limited (TCIL).
	Limited (TCIL).		
3	M/s. Transport	Emission Reduction	M/s. Transport Corporation of

	Corporation of India	Calculation Sheet	India Limited (TCIL).
	Limited (TCIL).		
4	M/s. Transport	Invoices	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Corporation of India		India Limited (TCIL).
	Limited (TCIL).		
5	Maharashtra State	Joint Meter Readings	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Electricity Dist. Co. Ltd.		India Limited (TCIL).
6	Maharashtra State	Commissioning	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Electricity Dist. Co. Ltd.	Certificates	India Limited (TCIL).
7	Maharashtra State	Meter Calibration	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Electricity Dist. Co. Ltd.		India Limited (TCIL).
8	Maharashtra State	Power Purchase	M/s. Transport Corporation of
	Electricity Distribution	Agreement	India Limited (TCIL).
	Company Limited & M/s.		
	Transport Corporation of		
	India Limited (TCIL).		

# Appendix 4. Clarification request, corrective action request and forward action request

Table 1. CLs from this Project Verification

Table 1. CLS	irom tills Project ve	ermeation	
CLID	00	Section no.	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
Description	n of CL		
		n/a	
<b>Project Ow</b>	ner's response		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		n/a	
Documenta	ation provided by F	Project Owner	
		n/a	
<b>UCR</b> Project	t Verifier assessm	ent	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		n/a	

Table 2. CARs from this Project Verification

	to morn time i reject		<u> </u>
CARID	00	Section no.	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
Descriptio	n of CAR		
		n/a	
Project Ov	vner's response		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		n/a	
Document	ation provided by	Project Owner	
		n/a	
<b>UCR</b> Proje	ct Verifier assessn	nent	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		n/a	



Table 3. FARs from this Project Verification

FAR ID	00	Section no.	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
Description	n of FAR		
		n/a	
<b>Project Ow</b>	ner's respo	nse	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		n/a	
Document	ation provid	led by Project Owner	
		n/a	
<b>UCR Project</b>	ct Verifier a	ssessment	Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		n/a	

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Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company Limited Circle Office: Sangli.

No. SE/SC/TI No. 3 0 2 8 Date: 13 3 OCT 2005

To. Mill Hame, 80, Institutional Arias.
Sector 32, Curgao-12001
Harayana.

Sulpice: Commissioning of 2 Nos. 1250 KW Wind Turbine Generator in respect of Nis Transport Corporation of India Ltd. at ville. Ghatmandrer, Tal. Kewthe Mahaka, Dist. Sangli.

Reference: 1) Dir (OlSuzlono/3020/Idd. 18 3 2008

Reference: 1) Dir (OlSuzlono/3020/Idd. 18 3 2008

Corporation of India Ltd. Survey No. 331 309 of vie. Chairmandre, Tal. Kewthe Mahaka, Dist. Sangli.

Reference: 1) Dir (OlSuzlono/3020/Idd. 18 3 2008

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Reference: 13 Dir (OlSuzlono/3020/Idd. 18 3 2008

Corporation of India Ltd. Survey No. 331 309 of vie. Chairmandre, Tal. Kewthe Mahaka, Dist. Sangli.

Reference: 13 Dir (OlSuzlono/3020/Idd. 18 3 2009

Corporation of India Ltd. Survey No. 331 309 of vie. Chairmandre, Tal. Kewthe Mahaka, Dist. Sangli.

Reference: 13 Dir (OlSuzlono/3020/Idd. 18 2 3 2009)

Corporation of India Ltd. Survey No. 331 309 of vie. Chairmandre, Tal. Kewthe Mahaka, Dist. Sangli.

Reference: 13 3 2009

Reference: 13 2009

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Reference: 14 2009

Reference: 15 2009

Reference: 15
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Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company Limited Circle Office: Sangli

No. SERSCH

To. No. 2 1 6 2

To. No. 2 1 6 2

No. Transport Corporation of India Ltd

TCH House, 69, Institutional Area, Sector 32,
Corgaon - 100 001 ( Harrysma).

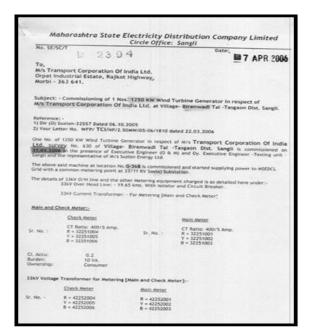
Subject: - Commissioning of 1, Nos. 1250 KW Wind Turbine Generator in respect of MVX Transport Corporation of India Ltd village- Birenwadi To. Teigen Cist.

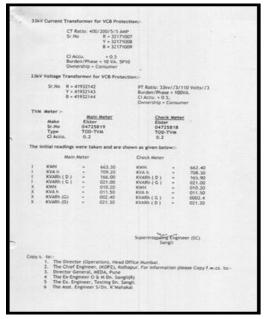
Sangli.

Reference:
1) Dir (0) Surban-32837 Dased 06, 10, 2005
2) Your Letter Ma. WIFF TCL /NOT2.NMN/05-06/18 10 desed 22, 03, 2006

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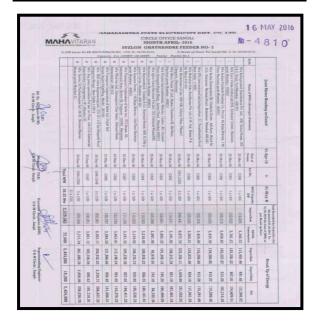












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Sangli (1					Developer No.	G-367	
	N:279403735601 27940373560C	V .			Bill for the month	: JANUARY 20	13
Sr. No.					KWH	Rate Rs. per KWH	Amount Rs.
	NET KWH EXP	ORT TO ME	enci				
-	Month	Import	Export	Net Import	48978.20	4.40	215604.08
	Jan-13	49998 60	1020.40	KWH 48978.20			
	Jan-13 LESS:	49998.60	1020.40	48978.20			
2	REACTIVE PO Total RKVAH e our Wind Mills (Copy enclosed	xport from the as per the Ce	GRID of MI	SEDCL to	102.00	0.3250	33.15
Total				Rs.			215470.93
Paunded	Off			Rs.			2,15,471/-
Please re	n Words : Rupe mit the payment 330004393 of B	t by way of R	TGS to our A	Vc.	For Transport	one only orporation of I	ndia Limited
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